## Vocabulary

Study the vocabulary words and definitions below.

biomass ..... total amount of organisms per unit volume carbohydrates ...... compounds containing the elements carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen carnivore ...... an organism that eats animals *Example*: lion, shark **commensalism** ...... a symbiotic relationship in which one organism benefits and the other is unaffected consumers ...... organisms that eat other organisms **decomposers** ...... organisms that eat dead plants and animals, as well as animal wastes **food chain** ...... the transfer of energy from the sun to producers to consumers; describes groups of organisms, each of which is dependent on another for food **food web** ...... interrelated food chains in an ecosystem; the feeding relationships between various plants and animals herbivore ...... organism that eats only plants *Example*: sheep, manatee hydrolysis ...... a chemical reaction where water is used to break down compounds; typically occurs when food is digested

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**krill** ...... shrimp-like zooplankton lipids......high energy nutrients such as fats and oils metabolism ...... a chemical process in which animals break down and utilize nutrients minerals ...... naturally occurring, inorganic elements and compounds found in water and soil that do not contain the element carbon **mutualism** ...... a symbiotic relationship in which both organisms benefit nutrients...... any organic or inorganic material that an organism needs to metabolize, grow, and reproduce omnivore ...... organism that eats both plants and animals Example: humans, killifish parasitism ...... a symbiotic relationship in which one organism (the parasite) benefits and the other (the host) is harmed photosynthesis ...... the process plants use to make the sugar glucose from water, carbon dioxide, and the energy in sunlight phytoplankton ...... small, usually microscopic plant

**primary consumers** ...... organisms that eat plants (producers)

plankton that float or drift in the ocean

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producers organisms that make their own food through photosynthesis

protein complex organic compound made up of amino acids

scavengers animals that eat the remains of already dead animals and plants

secondary consumers organisms that eat primary consumers but may also eat producers

symbiosis a permanent, close relationship between two organisms that benefits at least one of them

tertiary consumers organisms that eat secondary consumers but may also eat primary consumers

**zooplankton** ...... small, usually microscopic animal plankton that float or drift in the ocean

and producers